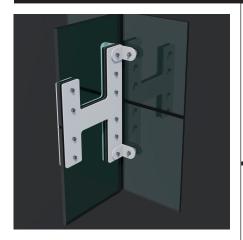


#### **Glass to Glass**

### Structural System









## **System Components**

- 01. Glass fins are typically used as structural members
- 02. Glass is fully tempered and heat soaked
- 03. Attachment plates are Grade 304 or 316 stainless steel
- 04. Hardware is Grade 316 stainless steel
- 05. Glass panels are typically held with Novum PSG, ECG or CCG Systems
- 06. Standard aluminum channel for perimeter closures

# **Applications**

- 01. Vertical, overhead and sloped structural glazing
- 02. Where glass is used as a primary structural element
- 03. All glass corners, decorative fins and shade elements
- 04. Primarily used where geometries are linear based and planar

### **System Attributes**

- 01. Creative, transparent and highly aesthetic
- D2. Spans to 50' (16m) are achievable by splicing components
- 03. Fin lengths of greater than 30' (9m) are available without requiring splices
- 04. Depending on the application, individual glass fins can be triple laminated, standard laminated or monolithic
- 05. Laminated and triple layer glass provides structural redundancy by design
- 06. Edges are polished or ground for high tolerance, safety and aesthetic
- 07. System can be freestanding or hung
- 08. Structure and cladding are fully designed by Novum's in-house engineers
- 09. Conventional integration with perimeter materials such as steel beams or concrete
- 10. Often integrated with Novum TR or AES Systems for lateral stability
- 11. Encloses easily with most Novum Glazing Systems
- 12. Standard trims and perimeters are made of clear anodized aluminum channels
- 13. Seals with stocked silicone gaskets and structural silicone

### Options/Materials/Finishes

- 01. Standard product is clear glass
- 02. Low iron glass is available
- 03. Glass cladding can be monolithic, laminated or insulated
- 04. Glass panels can be produced with various frits and coatings
- 05. Standard hardware finish is satin stainless steel. Bead blasted stainless is an option